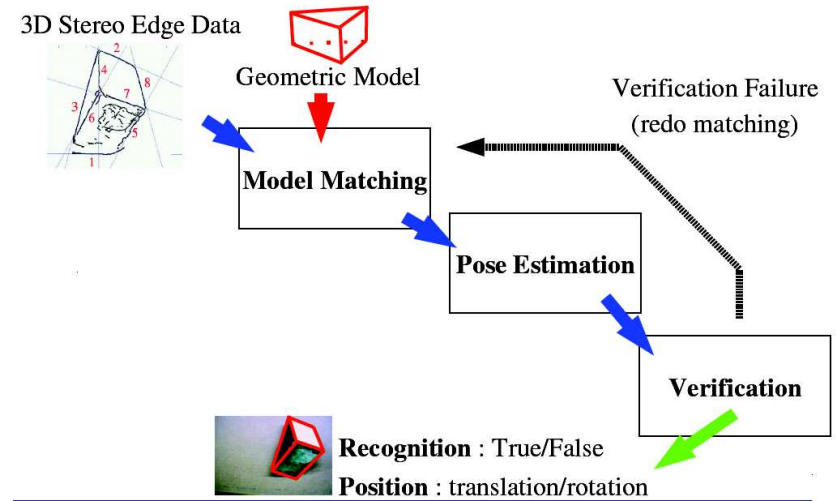


3D Model Matching and Verification

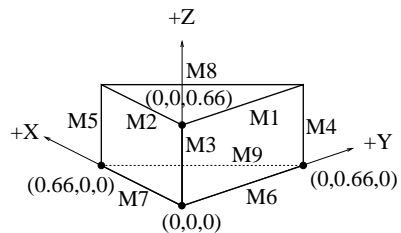
Robert B. Fisher
School of Informatics
University of Edinburgh

3D Edge Based ? Pipeline



3D Wireframe Part Model

Match 3D data edges to 3D ? model edges



Model =

(0,0,0)-(0.66,0,0)

(0,0,0)-(0,0.66,0)

(0,0,0)-(0,0,0.66)

(0.66,0,0)-(0.66,0,0.66)

(0,0.66,0)-(0,0.66,0.66)

(0,0,0.66)-(0.66,0,0.66)

(0,0,0.66)-(0,0.66,0.66)

(0.66,0,0)-(0,0.66,0)

(0.66,0,0.66)-(0,0.66,0.66)

3D Model Matching

Use ? algorithm: match edges,
Limit = 5

Unary test: similar length $|l_m - l_d| < \tau_l(l_m + l_d)$
(No effect as all edges about same length)

Binary test: similar angle between pairs:
 $|\theta_m - \theta_d| < \tau_a (= 0.5)$

3D Pose Estimation

Given: matched line directions $\{(\vec{m}_i, \vec{d}_i)\}$ and points on corresponding lines (but not necessarily same point positions) $\{(\vec{a}_i, \vec{b}_i)\}$

Rotation (matrix R): estimate rotation from matched

?

except:

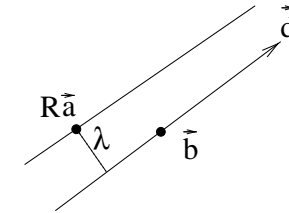
- 1) Use line directions instead of surface normals
- 2) Don't know which \pm direction for edge correspondence: try both for each matched segment
- 3) If $\det(R) = -1$ then need to flip symmetry

3D Translation Estimation

Given N paired model and data segments, with point \vec{a}_i on model segment i and \vec{b}_i on data segment i

Direction \vec{d}_i of data segment i

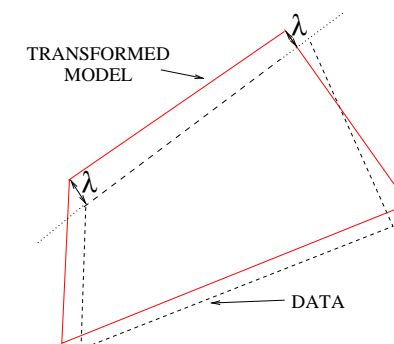
Previously estimated rotation R



$\vec{\lambda}_i = R\vec{a}_i + \vec{t} - \vec{b} - \vec{d}_i(\vec{d}_i'(R\vec{a}_i + \vec{t} - \vec{b}))$ is ? error to minimize

Goal: find \vec{t} that minimizes $\sum_i \vec{\lambda}_i' \vec{\lambda}_i$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{How: } \mathbf{L} &= \sum_i (I - \vec{d}_i \vec{d}_i') (I - \vec{d}_i \vec{d}_i') \\ \vec{n} &= \sum_i (I - \vec{d}_i \vec{d}_i') (I - \vec{d}_i \vec{d}_i') (R\vec{a}_i - \vec{b}_i) \\ \vec{t} &= \mathbf{L}^{-1} \vec{n} \end{aligned}$$



3D Match Verification

Like 2D match except measure 3D quantities:

1. Rotated 3D model line similar orientation to estimated 3D scene line
2. Rotated & translated model line endpoints near infinite 3D scene line
3. Rotated & translated model midpoint near estimated 3D scene line midpoint

Matching

Matching only 15 block line pairs with L=5:

108924 interpretation tree successes

243680 verification attempts

111 solutions found (note rotation mirror)

Matching only 15 block line pairs with L=8:

60096 interpretation tree successes

120191 verification attempts

2 solutions found (note rotation mirror)

Matching all 25 line pairs with L=5:

1751792 interpretation tree successes

3732933 verification attempts

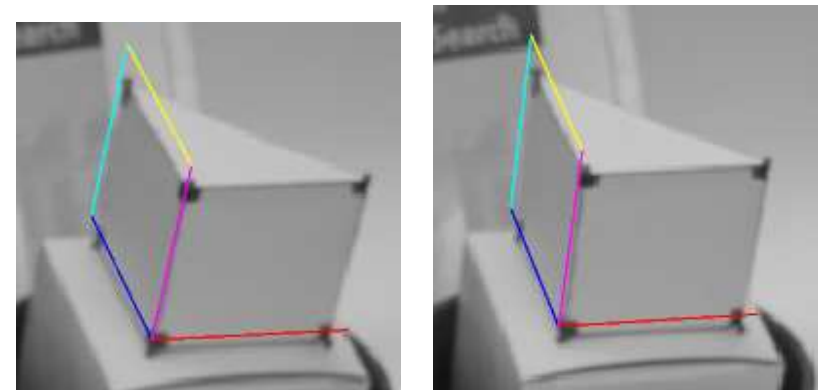
7 solutions found (good lines removed as duplicates)

5 Segment Matching



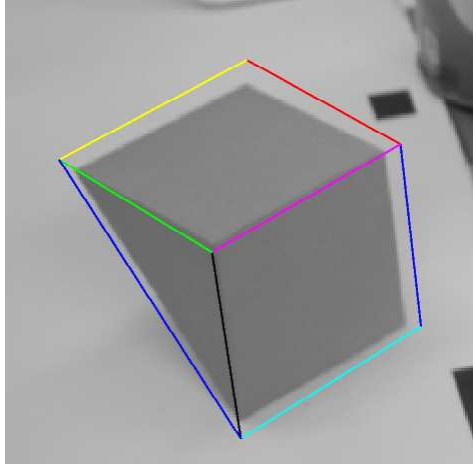
Calibration a bit off

5 Segment Matching Overlay



estimations not as good as for other block

8 Segment Matching Overlay



? a bit off

Discussion

- Hard to find reliable edges/lines, but Canny finds most reasonable edges and RANSAC can put them together for lines
- Given enough stereo correspondence constraints, can get reasonably correct correspondences
- Large features help stereo matching but require more preprocessing
- Stereo geometry easy but needs ? calibration not always easy
- Binocular feature matching stereo gives good 3D at corresponding features, but nothing in between
- Interpretation tree complexity large if weak tree pruning constraints

What We Have ?

- A full line-based stereo scene analysis and shape matching algorithm
- Simple modeling and matching algorithms
- 3D least-square position estimation algorithms