### **Stereo Correspondence Constraints**

Robert B. Fisher School of Informatics University of Edinburgh











# Constraining Matches: Uniqueness and Smoothness

Smoothness: match features giving nearly same depth as neighbors

Uniqueness: a feature in one image can match from the other image:

- $0\,$  occlusion
- 1 normal case

2+ - transparencies, wires, vines, etc from coincidental alignments

# Constraining Matches: Epipolar Geometry

Feature  $\vec{p}_l$  in left image lies on a ray  $\vec{r}$  thru space.  $\vec{r}$  projects to an epipolar line  $\vec{e}$  in the right image, along which the matching image feature must lie. +Y



Images are linked by the **Fundamental matrix F** Epipolar line is defined by:  $\vec{e} = F\vec{p_l}$ Matched points satisfy  $\vec{p'_r}\vec{e} = 0$ 

Reduces 2D search to 1D search

If images are 'rectified', then the epipolar line is an image row



Based on Orientation, Contrast, Disparity Limit, Epipolar constraints

#### **Constrained Matches Block 2**





Lines 92 & 64 did not match (contrast difference related to line positions)

## What We Have Learned

- A set of correspondence constraints
- The epipolar constraint