

Ball Tracking Example

Robert B. Fisher

School of Informatics
University of Edinburgh

BALL TRACKING WITH THE KALMAN FILTER

Ball physical model:

$$\text{Position: } \vec{p}_t = (\text{col}_t, \text{row}_t)'$$

$$\text{Velocity: } \vec{v}_t = (\text{velcol}_t, \text{velrow}_t)'$$

$$\text{Position update: } \vec{p}_t = \vec{p}_{t-1} + \vec{v}_{t-1}\Delta t$$

$$\text{Velocity update: } \vec{v}_t = \vec{v}_{t-1} + \vec{a}_{t-1}\Delta t$$

$$\text{Acceleration (gravity down): } \vec{a}_t = (0, g)'$$

$$\text{State vector: } \vec{x}_t = (\text{col}_t, \text{row}_t, \text{velcol}_t, \text{velrow}_t)'$$

Initial state vector: random

Ball physics update

Prediction: $\vec{y}_t = \mathbf{A}\vec{x}_{t-1} + \mathbf{B}\vec{u}_t$

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \Delta t & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \Delta t \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{B}\vec{u}_t = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ g\Delta t \end{bmatrix}$$

Use $\Delta t = 1$

Rest of model

Observation process:

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Measurement noise:

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} 0.285 & 0.005 \\ 0.005 & 0.046 \end{bmatrix}$$

System noise: $Q = 0.01 \times I$

KALMAN FILTER SUCCESSES

SEE: homepages.inf.ed.ac.uk/rbf/...
...AVINVERTED/DEMOS/TRACK/demo.html 8:



21:



35:



42:

KALMAN FILTER FAILURES

14: BOUNCE OVERSHOOT 16: SLOW CATCH UP



59: GRAVITY PULLS DOWN AT REST



Ball tracking analysis

- KF smooths noisy observations (not so noisy here) to give better estimates
- Could also estimate ball radius
- Could also plot boundary of 95% likelihood of ball position - grows when fit is bad
- Dynamic model doesn't work at bounce & stop