

# Webquines, The Collatz Graph and a Weightless Website

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# A modest URL

This talk is about the construction of the following URL, which contains a website of unknown extent:

```
data:text/html,<script>e=encodeURIComponent(d='<title>Weightless_Website_Page_Q</title><h1>Weightless_website_page_Q</h1>Explore_the_Collatz_graph:_from_page_<em>n</em>_you_can_go_to_page_2<em>n</em>,_and_to_page_(2<em>n</em>-1)/3_if_that_is_a_whole_number.<p>V<p>>This_is_page_Q._From_here_you_can_go@Z</a>~There_is_a_pirate_on_page_42.~<img_src="data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KGgoAAAANSUgAAAEAAAABgAgMAAADQq5x7AAAADFBMVEUAAQD/AAD/upn+//xbpuzVAAACDUlEQVQ4y72UTWorMQzHVZtCMQWvup9lmTMU3CN08XIfk+xyCtPVoFOY5AC9ig8w4CfJHzPjtqshz4sk/kWW/vqwIUNZNpcFawXgRlBNIMGR7ADon0HcAAiAfwPuP4OXPz1f/n48vcMevJzoA30HD6cPMIhLB2QwIy2bkwAyULxfaPclFmQQ1lYvBh9qlz zX9B0GIBv1pC4bQAbzpXduFoANZEAG5tzAnVR4UMr7FlaAUT78BkwB5w7mTwaz72CaC8AGXqkWATDM/QgXx+zBFaUc poMz+hmvqI7gHFRL33yiMhTnqQ4qCzUE1DJVQC0wUnUC3AdICslomTC4xGWEfEOqiJ+Mz9FmssqRogSYqA1l6AgEdu T1qiugmnLvrHSygNLK5CowBbhYwQ0EBBdrG25ez1DUBgK7vF42sPAZpTeA3tBA2R1YFGLzuUUhD1Rjkl11ULYYjIe3 XJVGUVUYScs0FIouAUorIIEuGcLI4w+wsi4Om1MBTga53kjLILFSLyGSLVBhHdNVJwZrvyxrfrMS2Cgmax3pqPmnZp Dl6nFbIx8Sp2BFM88858cgNX9OpIOueR0412taS0W29x6ng9ivOP+17+v2XgmIxeCZTZK4rwZRF9AeNU2K83p4ruII YHhaHI fZP4pvtmbX1vMIQA9Aw+BDR3uMIjMLo7JvIB6AHoEddLhvYDziti h/AQ5xnQ8oxvDCAAAAAElFTkSuQmCC"> ~_or@Z</a>~_to_<a_href="data:text/html,<script>e=encodeURIComponent(d=!27X!27);String.prototype.r=d.replace;s=d.r(/!21/g,!27!27).r(/!5F/g,!27_!27).split(!27!7E!27);document.write(s[0].r(/Q/g,K).r(/Z/,2*K).r(/V/,s[K==42?2:1]).r(/@/,s[4].r(/!4B/g,2*K).r(/X/,e))+ (K!253==2?(s[3].r(/Z/, (2*K-1)/3).r(/@/,s[4].r(/!4B/g, (2*K-1)/3).r(/X/,e))):!27.!27));!3C</script>">page_');String.prototype.r=d.replace;s=d.r(/!/g,'%').r(/_/g,'%20').split('~');document.write(s[0].r(/Q/g,1).r(/Z/,2).r(/V/,s[1]).r(/@/,s[4].r(/K/g,2).r(/X/,e))+'.');</script>+'.');</script>
```

# Quines

A *quine* is a program which outputs its own source code.

To write a quine we need a language with:

- Some means of computation
- Some kind of output
- A notion of source code

It's not necessary that the computation be Turing complete, nor that the language have any kind of input.

The name “quine” was coined by Hofstadter in *Gödel, Escher, Bach* after the 20<sup>th</sup> century philosopher W. V. Quine

# Quines

A *quine* is a program which outputs its own source code.

The empty program is a quine, but quite a dull one.



Prize for *Worst Abuse of the Rules*, 1994 International Obfuscated C Code Contest, awarded to Szymon Rusinkiewicz, MIT, for the world's smallest self-replicating program.

# Quines

A *quine* is a program which outputs its own source code.

Use of introspection can give quines, but unilluminating ones.

```
10 REM Not a very good Quine in BASIC
20 LIST

#!/bin/sh
cat ${0}
# Not a very good Quine in sh
```

# Quines

A *quine* is a program which outputs its own source code.

Quines become interesting when they really compute the output.

```
char* s = "printf(s);";  
printf(s);
```

# Quines

A *quine* is a program which outputs its own source code.

Quines become interesting when they really compute the output.

```
char* s = "char* s = \"...\"; \nprintf(s);";  
printf(s);
```

# Quines

A *quine* is a program which outputs its own source code.

Quines become interesting when they really compute the output.

```
char* s = "char* s = \"char* s = ... \";\nprintf(s);\nprintf(s);
```



# Quines

A *quine* is a program which outputs its own source code.

Quines become interesting when they really compute the output.

```
char* s = "char* s = XX;\nprintf(s);";  
printf(s);
```

# Quines

A *quine* is a program which outputs its own source code.

Quines become interesting when they really compute the output.

```
char* s = "char* s = XX;\nprintf(quotedselfinsert(s));";  
printf(quotedselfinsert(s));
```

# Quines

A *quine* is a program which outputs its own source code.

Quines become interesting when they really compute the output.

```
char* s =  
"char* s =\nXX;\nprintf(quotedselfinsert(s));{payload}";  
printf(quotedselfinsert(s));{payload}
```

# Quines

A *quine* is a program which outputs its own source code.

Quines become interesting when they really compute the output.

```
char* s=  
"char* s=%c%c%s%c;%cprintf(s,10,34,s,34,10);{payload}";  
printf(s,10,34,s,34,10);{payload}
```

# Quines

Quines have been written for every language you might imagine, and more. For example:

- English (Quine's original)
- SQL, querying an empty database
- sed, as replacement of regexps is enough computation
- Postscript, generating a page bitmap of its own source
- LZ-decompression, giving a zipfile which unzips to itself
- Multi-stage quines:  $P_1$  outputs  $P_2$  outputs... $P_n$  outputs  $P_1$
- Multi-language quines:  $P_i$  all in different scripts

Wikipedia claims that the “first known” self-reproducing programme was written in the 1960s at Edinburgh by Hamish Dewar in Atlas Autocode, but lacks citations...

## **Reflections on Trusting Trust**

Ken Thompson, 1983 Turing Award lecture

<http://cm.bell-labs.com/who/ken/trust.html>

## **Compile-a-Virus: W32/Induc-A**

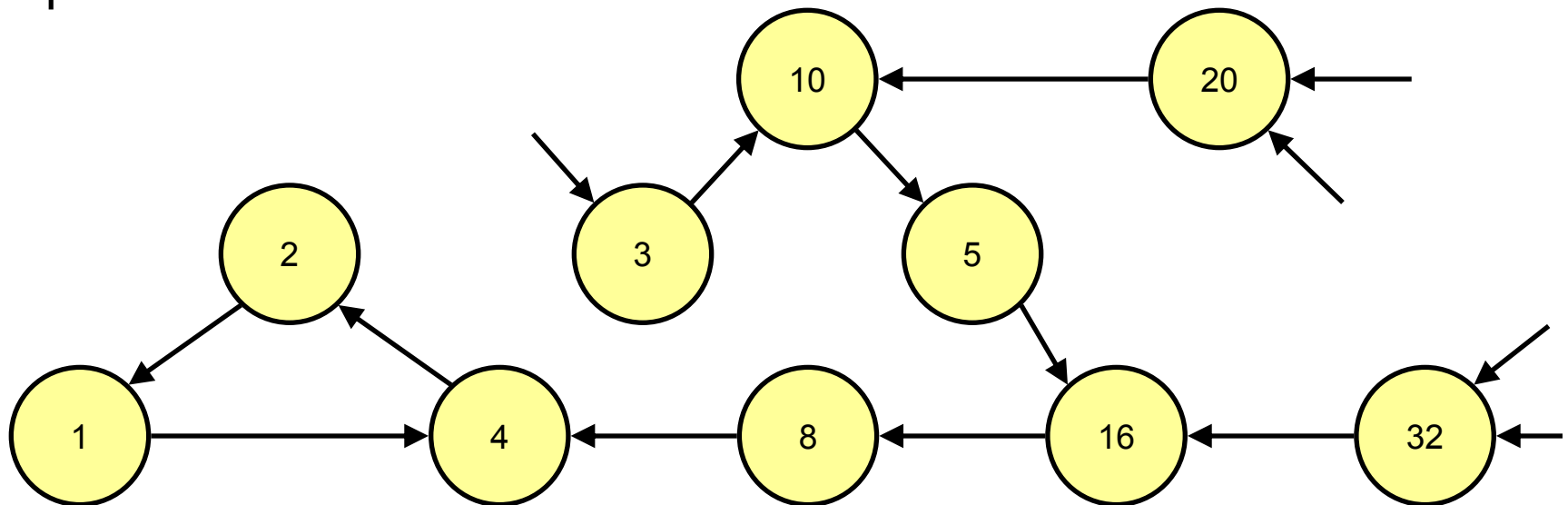
<http://nakedsecurity.sophos.com/2009/08/18/compileavirus/>

# The Collatz Graph

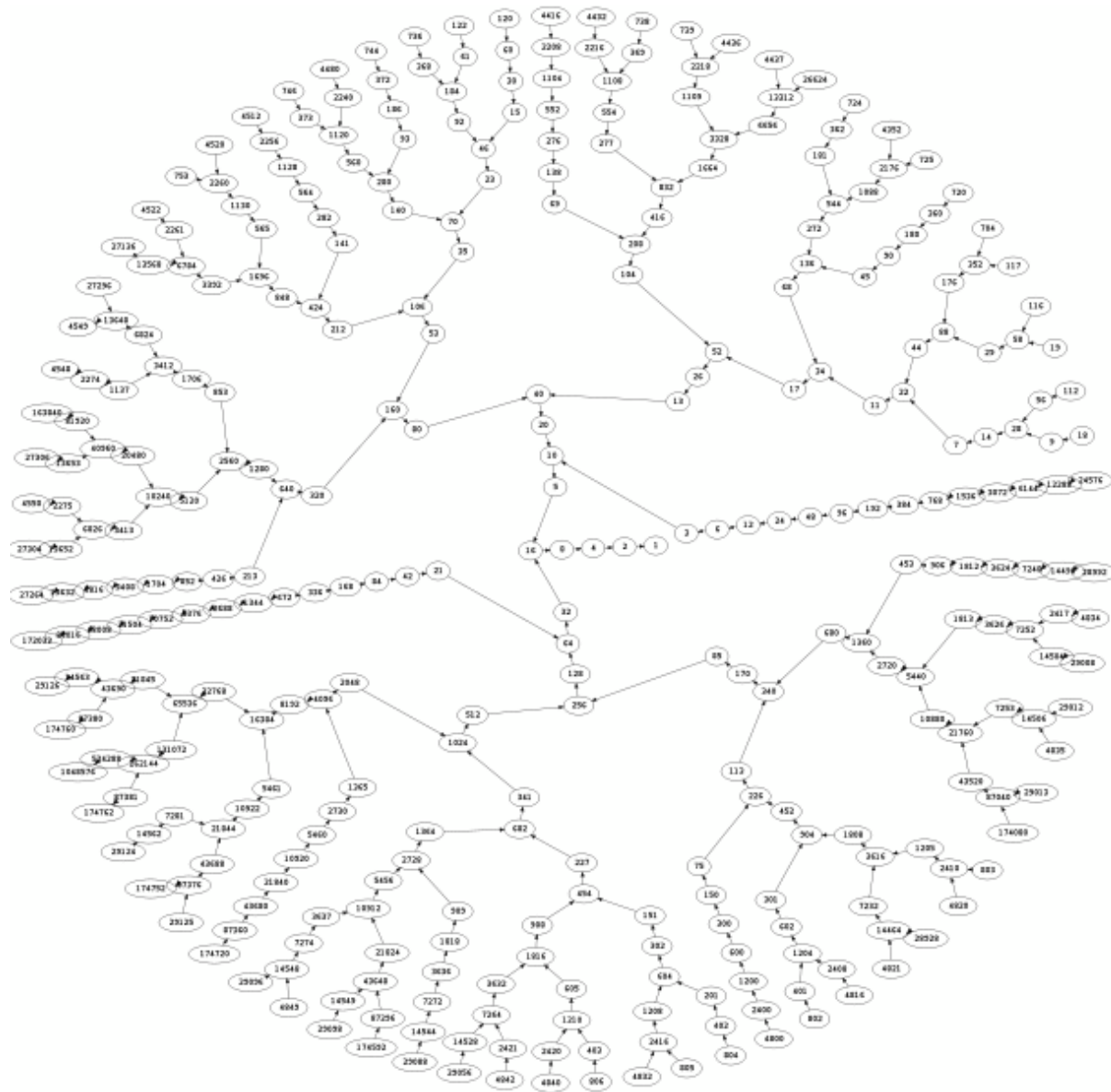
## The Collatz Conjecture

1. Take a positive integer  $n$ .
2. If  $n$  is even, halve it; if odd, multiply by 3 and add 1.
3. Go to step 2.

The conjecture is that this procedure always ends up with  $n$  in the loop 1-4-2-1-....

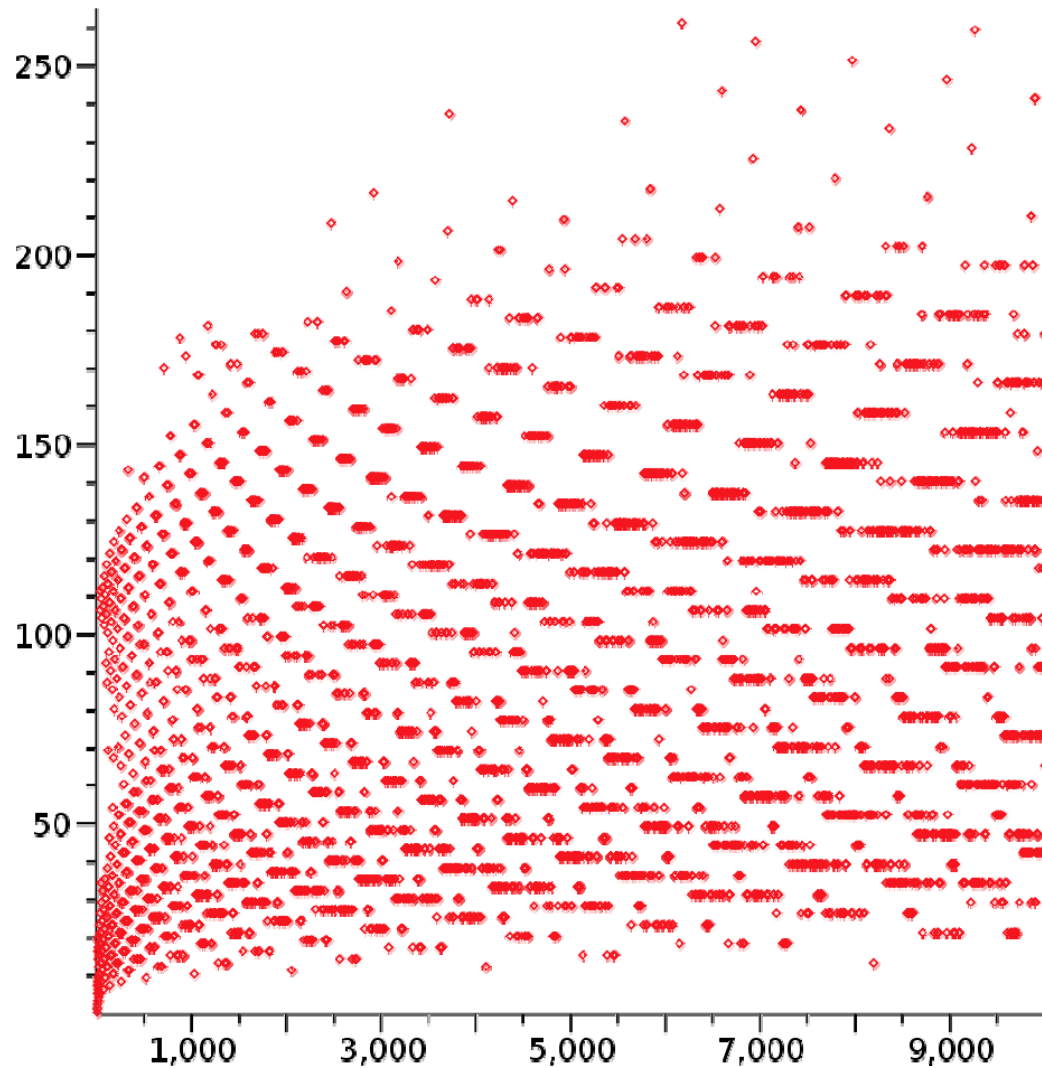


# The Collatz Graph





# The Collatz Graph



# The Collatz Graph

Miscellaneous facts about the Collatz Graph.

- From 27 to 1 takes 111 steps, going via 9232.
- Distributed computing projects like [3x+1@home](#) have so far checked every  $n$  up to  $20 \times 2^{58}$  (around  $6 \times 10^{18}$ ).
- Apart from 1-4-2-1, there are no other loops with fewer than 338,466,909 elements.

There are some mathematical results, such as the one involving loops, but no great progress on proof or refutation yet

“Mathematics is not yet ready for such problems”  
*Paul Erdős*

# Data URI Scheme

Under the original [http:](#) protocol web pages with many small images, icons, bullets etc. require several round-trip messages to the server, each carrying small amounts of data.

This can be slow, and is a particularly bad fit with the next protocol down, TCP, which works best on long-lived connections.

Various additions to the protocols were proposed:

- Persistent connections in HTTP 1.1
- Caching of files, in various places
- The [data:](#) URI scheme

The first two are now universally employed to fix the problem. The third, less so. (Failure of Internet Explorers 1–7 to implement [data:](#) URI didn't help.)

# Data URI Scheme

```
data: [<MIME-type>] [;base64] , <data>
```

```

```



# Data URI Scheme

`data: [<MIME-type>] [;base64] , <data>`

```
<a href="data:text/plain,A%20brief%20note">Footnote</a>
```

```
<a href="data:text/html,<p>Hello World!</p>">Go here</a>
```

```
<a href="data:text/html,<a href=%22data:...>">Quine?</a>
```

# Back to the Weightless Website

Combining all these, we obtain a self-supporting website of unbounded extent, contained within a single URL.

- It's a quine, starting with a data: URL...
- ...which codes for a Javascript program...
- ...which writes an HTML page...
- ...which contains modified versions of the same URL.

These modifications give a page for every number reachable by working backwards from 1 in the Collatz graph.

This may include all positive integers.

# A modest URL

```
data:text/html,<script>e=encodeURIComponent(d='<title>Weightless_Website_Page_Q</ti
tle><h1>Weightless_website_page_Q</h1>Explore_the_Collatz_graph:_from_page
_<em>n</em>_you_can_go_to_page_2<em>n</em>,<em>n</em>,_and_to_page_(2<em>n</em>-1)/3
if_that_is_a_whole_number.<p>V<p>This_is_page_Q._From_here_you_can_go@Z</a
>~There_is_a_pirate_on_page_42.~<img_src="data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KGg
oAAAANSUHEUGAAAEAAAABGAgMAAADQq5x7AAAADFBMVEUAAQD/AAD/upn+//xbpuzVAAACDULE
QVQ4y72UTWorMQzHVZtCMQWvup9lmTMU3CN08XIfk+xyCtPVoFOY5AC9ig8w4CfJHzPjtqsHz4
sk/kWW/vqwIUNZNpcFawXgrlBNIMGR7ADon0HcAAiAfwPuP40XPz1f/n48vcMevJzoA30HD6cP
MIhLB2QwIy2bkWAyULxfaPclFmQQ1lYvBh9qlzzX9B0GIBv1pC4bQAbzpXduFoANZEAG5tzAnV
R4UMr7FlaAUT78BkwB5w7mTwaz72CaC8AGXqkWATDM/QgXx+zBFaUcpoMz+hmvqI7gHFRL33yi
MhTnqQ4qCzUE1DJVQC0wUnUC3AdICslomTC4xGWEfEOqiJ+Mz9FmssqRogSYqA1l6AgEduT1qi
ugmnLvrHSygnLK5CowBbhYwQ0EBBdrG25ez1DUBgK7vF42sPAZpTeA3tBA2R1YFG1zuUUhd1Rj
kl11ULYYjIe3XJVGvUYScs0FIouAUorIILEuGcLI4w+wsi4Om1MBTga53kjLILFSLyGSLVBhHd
NVJwZrvyxrFRMS2Cgmax3pqPmnZpDl6nFbIx8Sp2BFM88858cgNX9OpIOueRO4l2taS0W29x6n
g9ivOP+l7+v2XgmIxeCZTZK4rwZRF9AeNU2K83p4ruIIYHhaHI fZP4pvtmbX1vMIQA9Aw+BDR3
uMIjMLo7JvIB6AHoEddLhvYDzitiH/AQ5xnQ8oxvDCAAAAAAE1FTkSuQmCC">~_or@Z</a>~_t
o_<a_href="data:text/html,<script>e=encodeURIComponent(d=!27X!27);String.prototype.
r=d.replace;s=d.r(/!21/g,!27%!27).r(/!5F/g,!27_!27).split(!27!7E!27);docum
ent.write(s[0].r(/Q/g,K).r(/Z/,2*K).r(/V/,s[K==42?2:1]).r(/@/,s[4].r(/!4B/
g,2*K).r(/X/,e))+ (K!253==2?(s[3].r(/Z/, (2*K-1)/3).r(/@/,s[4].r(/!4B/g, (2*K
-1)/3).r(/X/,e))):!27.!27));!3C/script">">page_');String.prototype.r=d.repl
ace;s=d.r(/!/g,'%').r(/_/g,'%20').split('~');document.write(s[0].r(/Q/g,1)
.r(/Z/,2).r(/V/,s[1]).r(/@/,s[4].r(/K/g,2).r(/X/,e))+'.');</script>
```

# A much more remarkable URL

```
data:text/html,<body><script>for (B=i=y=u=b=i=5-5,x=10,z=15,I=[],l=[];l[B]="ustvrtsuqqqqqqqqqqyyyyyyyyyy}{|~z|{ }@G@TSb~?A6J57IKJT576,+ -48HLSUmgukgg%20OJNMLK%20%20IDHGFE".charCodeAt(B)-64,B++<120;I[B-1]=B%x?B/x%x<2|B%x<2?7:B/x&4?0:l[u++]:7);function%20X(c,h,e,S,s){c^=8;for(var%20T,o,L,E,D,O=20,G,N=-1e8,n,g,d=S&&X(c,0)>1e4,C,R,A,K=78-h<<9,a=c?x:-x;++O<99;)if((o=I[T=O])&&(G=o&z^c)<7){A=G--&2?8:4;C=9-o&z?l[61+G]:49;do{R=I[T+=l[C]];g=D=G|T+a-e?0:e;if(!R&&(G|A<3|g)||(1+R&z^c)>9&&G|A>2){if(!(2-R&7))return%20K;for(E=n=G|I[T-a]-7?o&z:6^c;E;E=!E&&!d&&! (g=T,D=T<O?g-3:g+2,I[D]<z|I[D+O-T]|I[T+=T-O))){L=(R&l[R&7|32]*2-h-G)+(G?0:n-o&z?110:(D&&14)+(A<2)+1);if(S>h||1<S&S==h&&L>2|d){I[T]=n,I[g]=I[D],I[O]=D?I[D]=0:0;L-=X(c,h+1,E=G|A>1?0:T,S,L-N);if(!(h||S-1|B-O|T-b|L<-1e4))return%20W(y=E),c&&setTimeout("X(8,0,y,2),X(8,0,y,1)",75);E=1-G|A<7|D|!S|R|o<z||X(c,0)>1e4;I[O]=o;I[T]=R;I[D]=I[g];D?I[g]=G?0:9^c:0}if(L>N||!h&L==N&&Math.random()<.5)if(N=L,S>1)if(h?s-L<0:(B=O,b=T,0))return%20N}}while(!R&G>2|||(T=O,G|A>2|z<o&!R&&+C*-A))}return-K+768<N|d&&N}function%20W(){i="<table>";for(u=18;u<98;document.body.innerHTML=i+++u%x-9?"<th%20width=60%20height=60%20onclick='I[b="+u+"]&8?W():X(0,0,y,1)'style='font-size:50px'bgcolor=#"+(u-B?u*.9&1||9:"d")+"0f0e0>&#"+(I[u]&15?9808+l[67+(I[u]&15)]:160)+";":u++&&"<tr>")B=b}W()</script></body>
```

Based on the 1k Javascript Chess program of Óscar Toledo Gutiérrez