## **Harmony**

# A Framework for Heterogeneous Data Synchronization

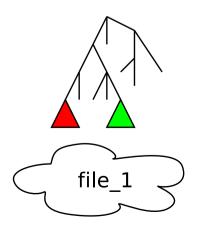
Michael Greenwald, Owen Gunden, Jon Moore, Benjamin Pierce, Alan Schmitt, Stephen Tse

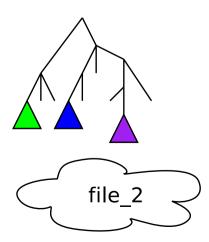
University of Pennsylvania

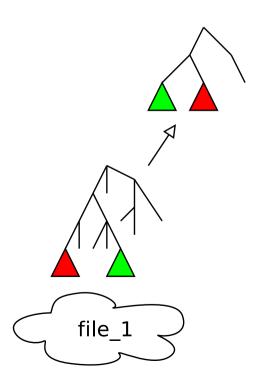
"Building the next 700 synchronizers..."

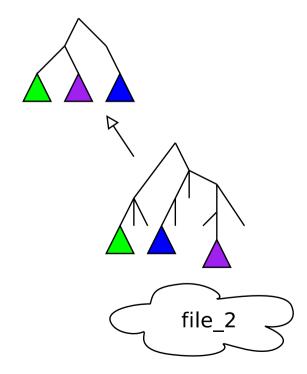
file\_1

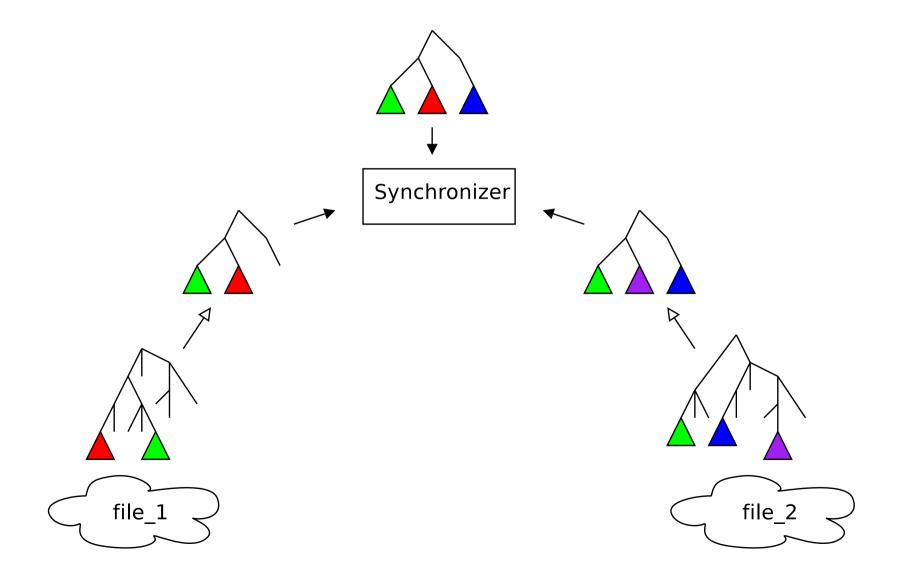
file\_2

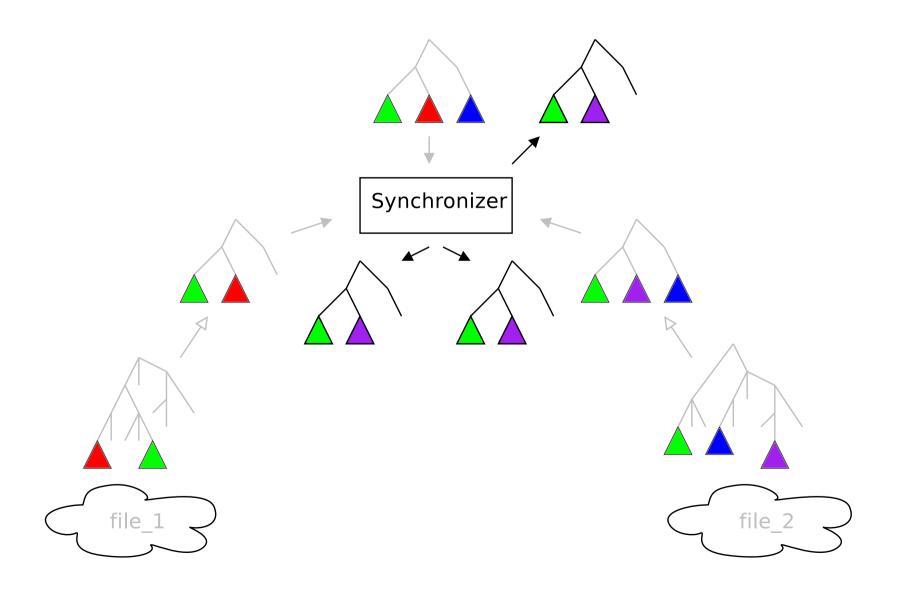


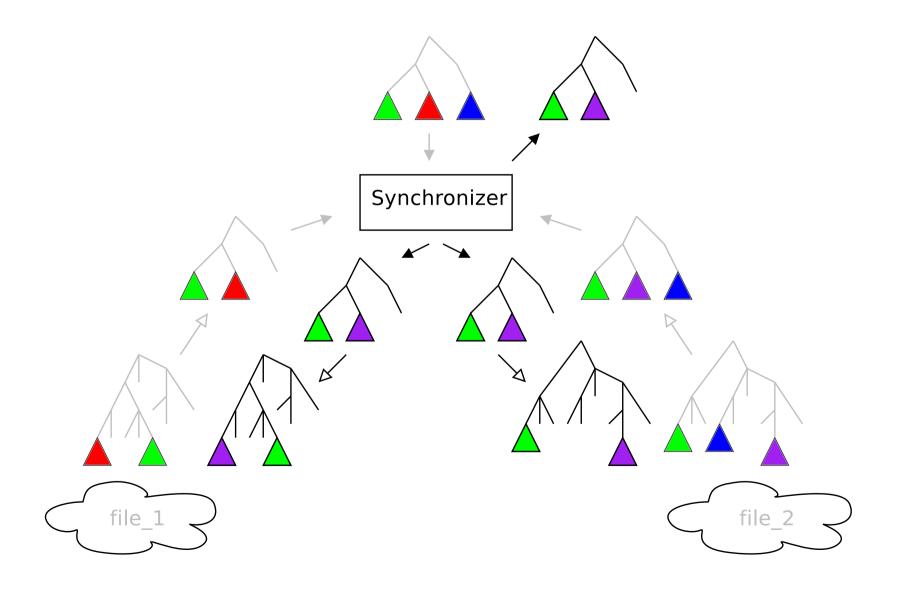


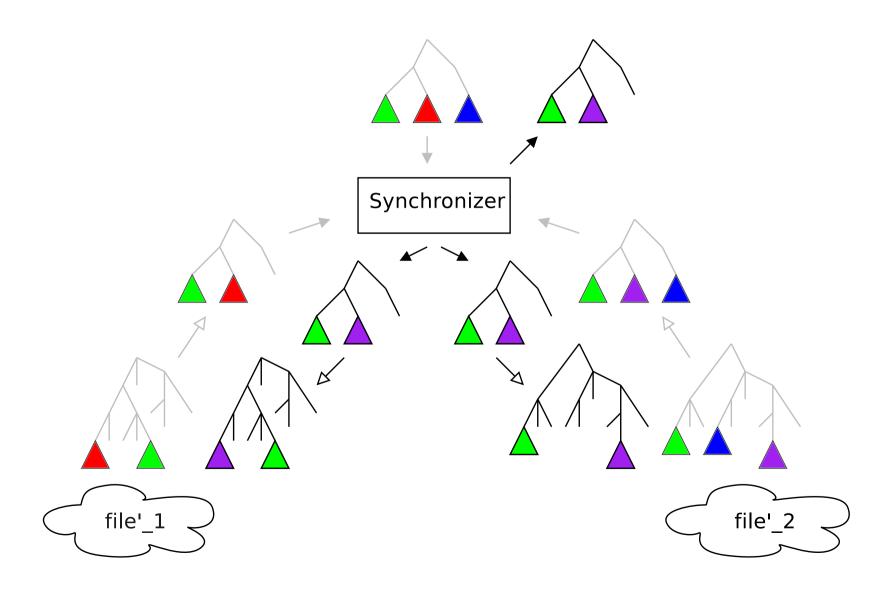












#### **Views**

Unordered, edge-labeled trees. Formally:

$$V = name \longrightarrow V$$

## List encoding

$$egin{cases} ext{*h} \mapsto ext{v}_1 \ ext{*t} \mapsto egin{cases} ext{*h} \mapsto ext{v}_2 \ ext{*t} \mapsto egin{cases} ext{*h} \mapsto ext{v}_n \ ext{*t} \mapsto egin{cases} \end{cases}$$

## XML encoding

```
<tag attr1="val1" ... attrm="valm">
    subelt1 ... subeltn
</tag>
```

$$egin{cases} & \left\{ egin{array}{ll} \operatorname{attr1} & \mapsto \operatorname{val1} \\ & dots \\ \operatorname{tag} & \mapsto \end{array} 
ight. & \left\{ egin{array}{ll} \operatorname{attrm} & \mapsto \operatorname{valm} \\ & \left\langle \operatorname{subelt1} 
ight\rangle \\ & dots \\ & \left\langle \operatorname{subeltn} 
ight
angle \end{array} 
ight.$$

## Lenses, Formally

- ► Set A of abstract views
- ▶ Set C of concrete views

#### Pair of partial functions

- ightharpoonup A get function  $l\nearrow$  from C to A
- $\blacktriangleright$  A put function  $l \searrow$  from  $A \times C$  to C

#### Lens laws

- ▶ GetPut:  $l \setminus (l \nearrow c, c) = c$  (the *put* function has no side effect)
- ▶ PutGet:  $l \nearrow l \searrow (a, c) = a$  (the *put* function propagates all data)

## Connection to Database theory

Strongly connected to the *view update problem*: given an update on some abstract view, find a translation of this update on the concrete view

- many such updates may exist
- notion of complement of a view:
  - > a view and its complement include all information from the concrete view
- update under constant complement:
  - the translation of an update does not modify the complement

#### Some lenses

$$\operatorname{id} \nearrow c = c$$
 $\operatorname{id} \searrow (a, c) = a$ 

$$\begin{array}{rcl} (l;k)\nearrow c &=& k\nearrow l\nearrow c \\ (l;k)\searrow (a,c) &=& l\searrow (k\searrow (a,l\nearrow c),c) & \text{if } c\neq \Omega \\ && l\searrow (k\searrow (a,\Omega),\Omega) & \text{if } c=\Omega \end{array}$$

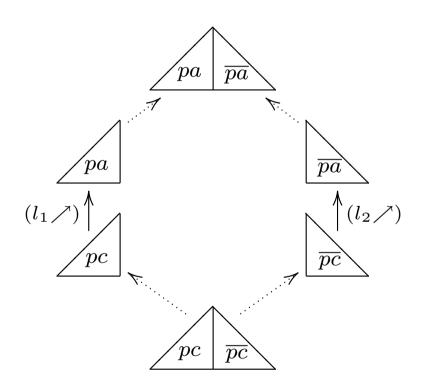
#### **More lenses**

$$(\text{hoist }n)\nearrow c = v \qquad \text{if } c = \Big\{n \mapsto v$$
 
$$\text{undef. otherwise}$$
 
$$(\text{hoist }n)\searrow (a,c) = \Big\{n \mapsto a$$

## More lenses (2)

$$(\text{pivot } n) \nearrow c = \begin{cases} k \mapsto v & \text{if } c = \begin{cases} n \mapsto \left\{k \mapsto \left\{v\right\} \right\} \\ v & \text{undef.} \end{cases} \text{ otherwise}$$
 
$$(\text{pivot } n) \searrow (a, c) = \begin{cases} n \mapsto \left\{k \mapsto \left\{c\right\} \right\} \\ v & \text{if } a = \left\{k \mapsto v\right\} \\ v & \text{undef.} \end{cases} \text{ otherwise}$$

## Lens combinators: xfork



#### Lens combinators: xfork

$$(\texttt{xfork}\ pc\ pa\ l_1\ l_2)\nearrow c\ = \\ (l_1\nearrow c|_{pc}) + (l_2\nearrow c|_{\overline{pc}}) \quad \text{if (1)} \\ \text{undef.} \qquad \text{otherwise} \\ (\texttt{xfork}\ pc\ pa\ l_1\ l_2)\searrow (a,c) = \\ (l_1\searrow (a|_{pa},c|_{pc})) + (l_2\searrow (a|_{\overline{pa}},c|_{\overline{pc}})) \quad \text{if (2)} \\ \text{undef.} \qquad \text{otherwise} \\ (1) \qquad \operatorname{dom}(l_1\nearrow c|_{pc})\subseteq pa \\ \wedge \operatorname{dom}(l_2\nearrow c|_{\overline{pc}})\subseteq \overline{pa} \\ (2) \qquad \operatorname{dom}(l_1\searrow (a|_{pa},c|_{pc}))\subseteq pc \\ \wedge \operatorname{dom}(l_2\searrow (a|_{\overline{pa}},c|_{\overline{pc}}))\subseteq \overline{pc} \\ \end{pmatrix}$$

## Lens combinators: map

$$(\operatorname{map}\ l)\nearrow c = \begin{cases} n\mapsto l\nearrow c(n) & n\in\operatorname{dom}(c)\\ n\mapsto l\searrow (a(n),\,c(n))\\ n\in\operatorname{dom}(a)\cap\operatorname{dom}(c)\\ n\mapsto l\searrow (a(n),\,\Omega)\\ n\in\operatorname{dom}(a)\setminus\operatorname{dom}(c) \end{cases}$$

#### **Derived lenses**

```
\begin{array}{l} \text{fork } p \ l_1 \ l_2 = \texttt{xfork} \ p \ l_1 \ l_2 \\ \\ \text{filter} \ p \ d = \texttt{fork} \ p \ \text{id} \ (\texttt{const} \ \{\} \ d) \\ \\ \text{prune} \ n \ d = \texttt{fork} \ \overline{\{n\}} \ \text{id} \ (\texttt{const} \ \{\} \ \{n \mapsto d\}) \\ \\ \text{focus} \ n \ d = (\texttt{filter} \ \{n\} \ d); \ (\texttt{hoist} \ n) \\ \\ \text{mapp} \ p \ l = \texttt{fork} \ p \ (\texttt{map} \ l) \ \text{id} \\ \\ \text{dispatch} \ [] = \texttt{id} \\ \\ \text{dispatch} \ (pc, pa, l) :: rest = \texttt{xfork} \ pc \ pa \ l \ (\texttt{dispatch} \ rest) \end{array}
```

## **Derived lenses (for lists)**

```
\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{hd} \ d = \operatorname{focus} \ \{*\mathsf{h}\} \ \{*\mathsf{t} \mapsto d\} \\ \\ \operatorname{tl} \ d = \operatorname{focus} \ \{*\mathsf{t}\} \ \{*\mathsf{h} \mapsto d\} \\ \\ \operatorname{map\_list} \ l = \operatorname{mapp} \ \{*\mathsf{h}\} \ l; \ \operatorname{mapp} \ \{*\mathsf{t}\} \ (\operatorname{map\_list} \ l) \\ \\ \operatorname{hoist\_list} \ [] = \operatorname{id} \\ \\ \operatorname{hoist\_list} \ p :: rest = \operatorname{xfork} \ \{*\mathsf{h}\} \ p \\ \\ \operatorname{(hoist} \ \{*\mathsf{t}\}; \ \operatorname{hoist\_list} \ rest) \\ \end{array}
```

### **Applications**

- ▶ generic synchronizers (XML, HTML, meta, outline . . . )
- (mostly finished): "universal bookmark synchronizer"
- (in progress): multi-format calendar syncing (Palm, ical, iCalendar)
- (under consideration): address books, bibtex, structured documents
- Other suggestions welcome!!

## Some major open questions

- ► Coverage of the present tree-transformation language
  - characterization of expressive power
  - pushing the language further (binding!)

  - generating lenses "by example" or from schemas
- $\blacktriangleright$  Principles of n-way synchronization
- Extending the framework to other data structures
  - dags (underway)
  - relations, ordered lists, sets, bags, etc., etc.
- ► Relation between trace-based and state-based (and timestamp-based, vector-clock-based, etc.) synch.