Gene-Ping Yang

Education _____

University of Edinburgh

Ph.D. in CSTR, School of Informatics, Supervisor: Prof. Hao Tang

National Taiwan University

M.S. in Computer Science, Supervisor: Prof. Lin-shan Lee and Prof. Hung-yi Lee Thesis: Speech Separation with Time-and-Frequency Cross-Domain Joint Embedding and Clustering B.S. in Electrical Engineering

Research Interests

Self-Supervised Speech Pre-training: Guide self-supervised speech feature alignment with text modality Speech Tokenization: Extract discrete speech tokens from pre-trained speech models for speech-to-text applications Automatic Speech Recognition: Improve implicit alignment between speech and text Speech Enhancement and Separation: Uncover speech from noisy signals

Work Experience _____

The Centre for Speech Technology Research (CSTR)

PhD, Supervisor: Prof. Hao Tang

- Unsupervise phone segmentation and acoustic unit discovery: Leveraged self-supervised speech features (HuBERT and Wav2vec) with constrained HMMs. (Publication 1)
- Unsupervise phone classification: Applied optimal transport to align speech embedding with phonetic embedding. (Publication 3)
- ASR modeling: Augmented encoder-decoder framework with supervised attention. (Publication 6)

Microsoft Research

Research Intern, Mentor: Sebastian Braun

 Multi-microphone speech enhancement and separation: designed for distributed asynchronous devices, utilizing novel crossattention methods that outperform previous microphone aggregation and neural beamforming techniques. (Paper under preparation)

Apple

Research Scientist Intern, Mentor: Zhen Huang, Stefan Braun, Loren Lugosch

• **Speech foundation model**: Developed an encoder-decoder pre-training framework using multilingual speech pseudo labels, demonstrating significant improvement in downstream ASR, particularly with large-scale unlabeled data. (Paper under preparation)

Amazon

Applied Scientist Intern, Mentor: Yuzong Liu, Yue Gu, Qingming Tang

- Self-supervised model distillation: Developed a task-agnostic objective for distilling self-supervised models, incorporating redundancy reduction and contrastive learning techniques to minimize data bias. (Publication 4)
- Quantization-aware training for self-supervised models: Applied a novel quantization-aware training method to quantize both model weights and activations, preserving optimal model performance. (Publication 2)

Speech Processing and Machine Learning Lab

Master & undergrad research, Supervisor: Prof. Lin-shan Lee and Prof. Hung-yi Lee

- · Modeling for speech separation: Integrated time-domain and frequency-domain features to design an feature space that facilitates joint feature clustering. (Publication 9)
- · Improved permutation invariant training: Developed a novel algorithm to improve speaker permutation optimization for speaker-invariant speech separation. (Publication 8)

Cambridge, MA

Redmond, WA

July 2024 - Sep. 2024

Sunnyvale, CA





Taipei, Taiwan

Sep. 2013 – June 2017

Edinburgh, Scotland

Feb. 2017 - Aug. 2020

Ministry of Science and Technology

Head Teaching Assistant for Formosa Grand Challenge, Organizer: Prof. Hung-yi Lee

 Chinese Question Answering Challenge: Organized a Chinese question-answering challenge, which included collecting data from TV shows, preparing models with PyTorch, TensorFlow, and Keras, and creating documentation to facilitate understanding and implementation of state-of-the-art question-answering models.

Microsoft

Research and Design Intern

- Real-time face tracking and emotion recognition: Developed a real-time face tracking system, integrating a machine learning model for accurate emotion recognition.
- · Robot development with embedded systems: Built robots using MediaTek LinkIt Smart 7688 chips, implementing automated instructions through Azure for enhanced functionality.

Publications _____

1. A Simple HMM with Self-Supervised Representations for Phone Segmentation Gene-Ping Yang, Hao Tang	SLT 2024
2. On-Device Constrained Self-Supervised Learning for Keyword Spotting via Quantization Aware Pre-Training and Fine-tuning	ICASSP 2024 Lecture
Gene-Ping Yang, Yue Gu, Sashank Macha, Qingming Tang, Yuzong Liu	
3. Towards Matching Phones and Speech Representations Gene-Ping Yang, Hao Tang	ASRU 2023
4. On-device Constrained Self-Supervised Speech Representation Learning for Keyword Spotting via Knowledge Distillation Gene-Ping Yang, Yue Gu, Qingming Tang, Dongsu Du, Yuzong Liu	Interspeech 2023 Oral
5. Autoregressive Predictive Coding: A Comprehensive Study Gene-Ping Yang, Sung-Lin Yeh, Yu-An Chung, James Glass, Hao Tang	JSTSP 2022
6. Supervised Attention In Sequence-to-Sequence Models for Speech Recognition Gene-Ping Yang, Hao Tang	ICASSP 2022 Lecture
7. Stabilizing Label Assignment for Speech Separation by Self-Supervised Pre-Training Sung-Feng Huang, Shun-Po Chuang, Da-Rong Liu, Yi-Chen Chen, Gene-Ping Yang, Hung-yi Lee	Interspeech 2021
8. Interrupted and Cascaded Permutation Invariant Training for Speech Separation Gene-Ping Yang, Szu-Lin Wu, Yao-Wen Mao, Hung-yi Lee, Lin-shan Lee	ICASSP 2020 Lecture
9. Improved Speech Separation with Time-and-Frequency Cross-domain Joint Embed Gene-Ping Yang, Chao-I Tuan, Hung-Yi Lee, Lin-shan Lee	ding and Clustering Interspeech 2019 Oral

Teaching _____

Maching Learning, Lecturer: Hao Tang

Lead discussions in five tutorial sessions, covering optimizations, learning, and hands-on implementation.

Applied Deep Learning, Lecturer: Yun-Nung Chen

Lead coursework on anime face generation based on text descriptions, implementing conditional GANs and testing various GAN objectives such as WGAN, improved WGAN, and ACGAN.

Machine Learning and Having it Deep and Structured, Lecturer: Hung-yi Lee

Involve in the design of coursework on sequence labeling (phone prediction) using joint training of CNN and RNN, video caption generation with a seq2seq-based model, and automatic game playing through deep reinforcement learning.

Taipei, Taiwan

Taipei, Taiwan

July 2017 - Oct. 2017

University of Edinburgh, Scotland

NTU, Taiwan

NTU, Taiwan

Machine Learning , Lecturer: Hung-yi Lee

NTU, Taiwan

Lead coursework on predicting PM 2.5 levels in the air using a hand-crafted linear regression model with gradient descent for updates, based on historical air quality indicators.